



Sélection d'articles et de documents sur le renseignement & la sécurité internationale publiée par le GEZR

ACTUALITÉ DU RENSEIGNEMENT

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ACTUALITÉ DU RENSEIGNEMENT

Plan stratégique de recherche & technologie

Le plan stratégique de recherche & technologie constitue un cadrage général de l'action de la DGA destinée à anticiper et maîtriser l'évolution des technologies nécessaires et utilisables dans les futurs systèmes de défense et sécurité. Décliné à partir du besoin opérationnel et des grands axes d'orientations décrits dans le PP30 (plan prospectif à 30 ans), ce document a pour mission de situer les études amont dans un cadre global afin de traiter les problématiques opérationnelles prévisibles à l'horizon 2012-2025. Il décrit les axes d'effort identifiés pour répondre à ces défis opérationnels et pour exploiter au mieux les évolutions technologiques, ainsi que les axes de coopération envisageables. Il est complémentaire du POS (document de politique et objectifs scientifiques) qui identifie les axes de recherche de base à promouvoir.

✓ Intelligence: Australian Intelligence Community, Information Sharing (ASPI)

Kelly O'Hara & Anthony Bergin – Australian Strategic Policy Institute, Policy Analysis No. 51, 27 November 2009. This Policy Analysis examines the information sharing vision of the new National Security CIO in light of reforms made towards a more joined-up national security community. It argues that information sharing should be a high priority for improving decision making in Australia's national security community.

Global Maritime and Air Communities of Interest Intelligence Enterprises

"Threats that terrorists and other illicit actors pose to the nation's ports, waterways and airways remain persistent and grave, leaving no room for error or delay in this effort," the report (pdf) said. In response to such threats, a new ODNI National Maritime Intelligence Center has been established, new information sharing protocols have been put in place, and collaborative "communities of interest" have been nurtured. But "challenges remain" in both air and maritime intelligence "to overcome cultural and institutional resistance" to cooperation, particularly given the "sharply diminished" sense of urgency since 9/11.

- 🏗 Rapport sur le contrôle démocratique des services de sécurité
 - Rapport adopté par la Commission de Venise lors de sa 71^{ème} Session plénière (Venise, 1er-2 juin 2007).
 - > CDL-AD(2007)016-f.pdf
- Comments On Democratic Oversight Of Special Services In Eastern Europe (2007)
 - > CDL(2007)051-e.pdf
- Pace Recommendation 1801(2007) On "Secret Detentions And Illegal Transfers Of Detainees Involving Council Of Europe Member States: Second Report" Venice Commission's Comments
 - > CDL(2007)098-e.pdf
- Avis sur les obligations légales internationales des États membres du Conseil de l'Europe concernant les lieux de détention secrets et le transport interétatique de prisonniers (Venise, 17-18 mars 2006)
 - > CDL-AD(2006)009-f.pdf
- - > CDL(2006)077-e.pdf
- 🌁 Les services de sécurité intérieure en Europe

Rapport adopté par la Commission de Venise lors de sa 34e réunion plénière (Venise, le 7 mars 1998).

- > CDL-INF(1998)006-f.pdf
- Democratización de la Función de Inteligencia: El Nexo de la Cultura Nacional y la Inteligencia Estratégica National Defense Intelligence College, 2009, 551 pages





- Forum on intelligence Italie
 - Participants in the Forum organized by II Tempo: Alfredo Mantovano, Marco Minniti, Adriano Soi, Paolo Savona, Giuseppe Caldarola Culture of intelligence Energies at the service of national interests

 Secret services are a resource for the nation and must interact with universities and the economic world.
- ▼ The Annual Report of the Italian Intelligence System format lecture flash
 The Annual Report of the Italian Intelligence System for the Security of the Republic for the year 2008 has been presented to Parliament.
- normat lecture pdf
- CIA says it gets its money's worth from Pakistani spy agency It has given hundreds of millions to the ISI, for operations as well as rewards for the capture or death of terrorist suspects. Despite fears of corruption, it is money well-spent, ex-officials say.
- L'accord d'échange d'informations «secret défense» finalisé
 L'Union européenne va signer un accord avec la Russie permettant d'échanger des informations classifiées (NB : le sommet avec la Russie a lieu le 18 novembre). [...] C'est le FSB, le service fédéral de sécurité de la Fédération de Russie qui est chargé de «coordonner les actions menées en vue de la mise en oeuvre» de l'accord, coté russe ; la direction de la sécurité de la Commission européenne (responsable : le commissaire Kallas) et le bureau de sécurité du Conseil, coté européen.
- Iran, restructuration des services de renseignement CF2R, Alain Rodier
- Agents of Israel's Mossad intelligence service hacked into the computer of a senior Syrian government official a year before Israel bombed a facility in Syria in 2007, according to Der Spiegel.
 The intelligence agents planted a Trojan horse on the official's computer in late 2006 while he was staying at a hotel in the Kensington district of London, the German news magazine reported Monday in an extensive account of the bombing attack.

RETOUR AU SOMMAIRE

PRIVATISATION DU RENSEIGNEMENT & DE LA SÉCURITÉ

- Rapport sur les entreprises militaires et de sécurite privées et sur l'érosion du monopole étatique du recours à la force adopté par la Commission de Venise lors de sa 79° session plénière (Venise, 12-13 juin 2009). > CDL-AD(2009)038-f.pdf
- Blackwater Hit Squads: What Was the CIA Thinking?

The other shoe has dropped. CIA Director Leon Panetta, it turns out, ran up to Capitol Hill in June not simply to confess that the CIA had a secret assassination program it never implemented but rather to confess that it had subcontracted the job out. As first reported by the New York Times on its website on Aug. 19, the CIA hired Blackwater to help with a secret program to assassinate top al-Qaeda leaders.

Blackwater's Secret War in Pakistan

At a covert forward operating base run by the US Joint Special Operations Command (JSOC) in the Pakistani port city of Karachi, members of an elite division of Blackwater are at the center of a secret program in which they plan targeted assassinations of suspected Taliban and Al Qaeda operatives, «snatch and grabs» of high-value targets and other sensitive action inside and outside Pakistan, an investigation by The Nation has found. The Blackwater operatives also assist in gathering intelligence and help run a secret US military drone bombing campaign that runs parallel to the well-documented CIA predator strikes, according to a well-placed source within the US military intelligence apparatus.

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FORCES ET OPÉRATIONS SPÉCIALES

Special Services Group & Pak-Sponsored Terrorism - B. Raman

As a result of this, knowledge of commando-style operations seems to be widespread in Pakistan's jihadi world. Till now, the international focus has been on the Inter-Services Intelligence (ISI) as the sponsor and trainer of jihadi groups. Indications of a similar role being played by at least some elements in or of the the SSG---- possibly in tandem with the ISI --- are coming to the fore now

New Navy SEAL minisub's IT-system specs released

The secretive US Special Operations Command (SOCOM) has revealed the data-handling features it would like to see on its planned new fleet of mini submarines for use by elite US Navy frogman-commandos.

Special Forces Ready to Unleash the PDAs of War

Right now in Afghanistan, most U.S. infantrymen don't have a personal radio, or a way to digitally keep tabs on their fellow troops. One brigade has got the right gear - but it means strapping on an extra eight pounds' worth of radios and computers. But next month, 10 or 20 extremely lucky special forces will get another option to locate and talk to one another: handheld PCs that weigh a pound and half each.





GUERRE DE L'INFORMATION

US Spec Ops operates psywar websites targeted at UK

The secretive US Special Operations Command (SOCOM) has awarded arms globocorp General Dynamics a \$10m contract to set up a network of psychological-warfare «influence websites» supporting the Global War On Terror. France and Britain are specifically included as «targeted regions».

4thPSYOPFACTSHEET.pdf

the 4th Airborne Psychological Operations Group - the only full-time psywar unit in the US Army, and part of SOCOM: PSYOP is the dissemination of truthful information to foreign audiences in support of US policy... these activities are not forms of force, but are force multipliers that use nonviolent means in often violent environments... they rely on logic, fear, desire or other mental factors...

Mean in the second of the s

Now SOCOM's Joint Military Information Support Command, which «orchestrates a 24/7 multi-media campaign formatted to the cultures and languages of relevant audiences» in «what has become a tough, entrenched war of ideas» has deployed what it calls the Trans-Regional Web Initiative (TRWI). Specs on the programme were issued last year (pdf) and earlier this month General Dynamics was awarded \$10,116,177 to run the Initiative for the first year.

🥦 JP 3-53 Doctrine for Joint Psychological Operations, 10 July 1996, (US)

This doctrine addresses the use of military psychological operations (PSYOP) assets in planning and conducting PSYOP in support of joint operations across the range of military operations

2-5.3 Psychological Operations, Air Force Doctrine, 27 August 1999 (US)

Air Force Doctrine Document (AFDD) 2-5.3 provides Air Force doctrine for psychological operations (PSYOP). It supports basic aerospace doctrine and basic information operations (IO) doctrine contained in AFDD 2-5, Information Operations.

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CYBERMENACES

Securing the information highway How to Enhance the United States' Electronic Defenses

During the July 4 holiday weekend, the latest in a series of cyberattacks was launched against popular government Web sites in the United States and South Korea, effectively shutting them down for several hours. It is unlikely that the real culprits will ever be identified or caught. Most disturbing, their limited success may embolden future hackers to attack critical infrastructure, such as power generators or air-traffic-control systems, with devastating consequences for the U.S. economy and national security.

Cyberwarfare is not an abstract future threat. The United States' electronic defenses are vulnerable and Washington must act quickly to secure computer networks, software, and hardware before it is too late.

NorthropGrumman PRC Cyber Paper

L'équipe Cyber Threat Analysis & Intelligence du groupe Northrop Grumman a rendu le mois dernier son rapport sur les capacités chinoises en matière de cyberguerre à l'US-China Economic & Security Review Commission du Congrès. Rendue publique le 22 octobre, cette étude identifi e pour la première fois des communautés de hackers ayant partie liée avec la galaxie sécuritaire chinoise.

> NorthropGrumman_PRC_Cyber_Paper_FINAL_Approved%20Report_16Oct2009.pdf

2009 CDW-G Federal Cybersecurity Report

To better understand cybersecurity threats and help identify the path to security, CDW-G conducted an online survey of 150 Federal civilian and 150 Department of Defense IT professionals on the front lines, who confront cybersecurity incidents day in and day out.

The 2009 CDW-G Federal Cybersecurity Report identifies cybersecurity threats agencies face each day, reveals measures Federal IT professionals are taking to combat them and finds opportunities for improvement.

> 2009-CDWG-Federal-Cybersecurity-Report-1109.pdf

Conventional War Strategy Doesn't Work in Cyberspace

Strategists Mustn't Approach Virtual, Real Warfare the Same Way.

A primer on DDoS

Jomini's first maxim of the Art of War: To throw by strategic movements the mass of an army, successively, upon the decisive points of a theater of war, and also upon the communications of the enemy as much as possible without compromising one's own.

Denial of service attacks are the strongest weapon available for cyber aggression. Countering them is very expensive and could theoretically be impossible. Yet, there are measures that organizations can take to improve their defensive posture. Let us look at the defining moments in the development of DDoS as a weapon.





- Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations

 The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) has released its final version of a publication that represents a major step toward building a unified information security framework for the entire federal government.
- AFCOM 2009/2010 Data Center Trends Survey Reveals Weakness in World Cyber Terrorism Readiness and Government Greening.

Survey also reveals that despite hype around cloud computing, only 14.9 percent of data centers have deployed cloud solutions to date - and it shines a new light on the fate of mainframes

UK's cyber warriors go into battle in March

The UK's new cyberwarfare unit will be ready for action on 10 March, according to the government. The Cyber Security Operations Centre (CSOC), located at GCHQ in Cheltenham, will have an initial staff of 19, said Baroness Crawley.

Reports have recently made it into the public domain that back in May of 2007 President George W. Bush authorized the National Security Agency (NSA) to launch a sophisticated cyber attack on the cellular phones and computers of insurgents in Iraq. This cyber attack created the ability for U.S. forces to plant false information that lead to the deception of insurgents. Multiple senior level officials have reportedly told media sources that this attack helped turn the tide of the war in Iraq.

Smart Grid Cyber Security Strategy and Requirements (Draft; PDF, 1.4 MB)

National Institute of Standards and Technology – The first draft of the document contains the overall security strategy for the Smart Grid and the products developed from this strategy, for example, development of vulnerability classes, identification of well-understood security problems that need to be addressed, selection and development of security-relevant use cases, identification and analysis of interfaces identified in the six functional priority areas and selection of a suite of security documents that will be used as the base for the selection and tailoring of security requirements. This is the first draft of the NISTIR; the next draft is scheduled to be posted for comment in December 2009.

- > draft-nistir-7628.pdf
- Virtual Criminology Report 2009 de McAfee version française

 McAfee révèle dans son 5ème rapport annuel sur la criminalité virtuelle que la course l

McAfee révèle dans son 5^{ème} rapport annuel sur la criminalité virtuelle que la course mondiale aux cyber-armes n'est plus une fiction. L'étude souligne l'accroissement d'attaques contre l'informatique à but politique, et montre que la France, les États-Unis, Israël, la Chine et la Russie disposent de cyber-armes.

> VCR_2009_EN_VIRTUAL_CRIMINOLOGY_RPT_NOREG.pdf – english version

RETOUR AU SOMMAIRE

TERRORISME

- 뿮 Actes du colloque « Quelle stratégie de sécurité intérieure pour lutter contre le terrorisme? »
- MUMBAI 26/11: A Day of Infamy B. Raman

Raman, one of India's leading experts on jihadi terrorism, takes a typically incisive look at last November's terror carnage in Mumbai, which he believes was truly an attack by Pakistan on India.

✓ Ibrahim al-Rubaish: New Religious Ideologue of al-Qaeda in Saudi Arabia Calls for Revival of Assassination Tactic – Terrorism Monitor, Vol. 7 Issue: 36 (25 November 2009)

Most significant was an audiotape that addressed the attempt last August on the life of Saudi Prince Muhammad bin Nayif (see Terrorism Monitor, September 17). Al-Rubaish justified the assassination attempt in a tape entitled, "Why Muhammad bin Nayif?," stating that Bin Nayif is responsible for a war against the Mujahideen and wages that war against them on behalf of the United States. Al-Rubaish considers assassination to be a legitimate tactic as it was used in the early history of Islam.

Les insurges somaliens en passe de terroriser le monde! - CF2R, Alain Rodier

Plus que jamais la Somalie, privée de gouvernement central depuis 1991, présente toutes les caractéristiques d'un sanctuaire pour djihadistes. L'offensive en cours menée par les forces armées pakistanaises dans les zones tribales du nord-ouest du pays, qui semble mettre à mal les taliban et les combattants étrangers d'Al-Qaïda, pourrait encourager ceux-ci à quitter le Pakistan pour rejoindre la Somalie, d'où ils pourraient poursuivre leurs actions plus sereinement.

The Sunni Divide: Understanding Politics And Terrorism In The Arab Middle East

Divisions within Sunni Islamism run deep and are extremely important, both to the regional balance of power and to the United States' efforts to combat terrorism, for example. In fact, the division that will shape the future of Arab politics is not between Sunnis and Shias but among various understandings of Sunni Islamism.

🏗 UK: Stronger Together : A new approach to preventing violent extremism

Terrorism does not operate within local, regional, or indeed national boundaries, so it is important that our response is multi-layered and flexible, and that the right approach is taken, the right partners involved, and the right information shared at the mostappropriate spatial level.





The standing History's Seven Stages of Jihad - Sebastian L.v. Gorka

The author opens with the four kinds of jihad (heart, mind, tongue, sword), and the lists the seven historically-driven politically-defined jihads of the sword, and closes with a discussion. Over three pages, this is first class thinking. The seven jihads of the sword:

- 1. Empire Building 2. Suppression of apostate subjects 3. Revolution against the "false" Muslim leaders
- 4. Anti-colonial stuggle and "purification" of the religion 5. Countering Western influence and jahiliyya (unbelief)
- 6. Guerrilla warfare against secular invaders 7. Direct targeting of civilians in terrorist attacks
- > CTC 7 Jihads.pdf

Does Terrorism Work?

This paper examines whether terrorism is an effective tool to achieve political goals. By exploiting variation in terror attacks over time and across locations in Israel from 1984 to 2006, we show that local terror attacks cause Israelis to be: (i) more willing to grant territorial concessions to the Palestinians; (ii) more willing to accept a Palestinian state; (iii) less likely to identify oneself as being right-wing; and (iv) more likely to have a favorable opinion of Arabs. These effects are especially pronounced for individuals from particular demographic groups which are typically right-wing in their political views. In addition, we show that terror induces Israelis to vote increasingly for right-wing parties. This pattern of results demonstrates that right-wing parties are becoming more accommodating to Palestinian demands for territorial concessions. Hence, this paper shows that terrorism appears to be an effective strategy in terms of shifting the entire Israeli political landscape to the left. These findings may shed light on the causes underlying the spread of global terrorism in the last few decades.

All terrorist camps are intact, India tells Pakistan

«There are various terrorists groups operating from Pakistan, but despite our repeated requests all terrorist camps are intact. Many of them are in the vicinity of their army bases,» Defence Minister A.K. Antony said on the sidelines of a function in New Delhi.

Saudi Arabia: Charity President Involved in Terrorist Cell

Informed sources have revealed to Asharq Al-Awsat that one member of the 44-member cell affiliated to Al Qaeda captured by Saudi authorities in August was arrested after he was found to be exploiting his position in an official charitable organization to raise money for the terrorist group.

Terrorism and Stock Markets: The Forgotten Role of Facts and Rationality

Let us visit two very basic examples that nonetheless clearly highlight the fallacy of the idea that terrorist attacks can actually damage markets or the real economy.

A Shift in Terrorist Strategy Threatens Italian National Security

The Italian Home Minister, Roberto Maroni, recently stated: "We believe that terrorist cells fundraise and train to carry out attacks in our country. It is not yet a homegrown terrorist situation, like in the United Kingdom and in Spain, but we are getting closer to it" (Corriere della Sera, November 6).

- Oil Installations as an Attractive Target for Terrorism ICT's Jihadi Websites Monitoring Group > JWMG_Oil_Installations_as_a_Target.pdf
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Terrorism in Southeast Asia - Congressional Research Service

The report looks at the rise of Islamist militancy and the JI network, and discusses terrorism in the region, concluding with options for U.S. policy. Strategies include placing greater emphasis on attacking institutions that support terrorism, building up regional governments' capacities for combating terrorist groups, and reducing the sense of alienation among Muslim citizens.

Bioterrorism in Asia

The dramatically titled World at Risk report released in December 2008 by a US congressional commission predicting that a bioterrorist attack is likely in the next five years may have been aimed primarily at a domestic American audience, but it has also served to remind Asian nations of their vulnerability.

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PROLIFÉRATION ET TRAFIC D'ARMES

2009 Annual Report to Congress ChemBio

This report details the progress made by the Department over the last year to protect our nation and allies from current and emerging threats posed by weapons of mass destruction (WMD). It also reviews current programs that provide Warfighters with the most superior chemical and biological (CB) defense training, equipment, and preparedness to ultimately achieve our CBDP vision of ensuring DoD operations are unconstrained by chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) effects.

- Dangerous Ambiguities: Regulation of Riot Control Agents and Incapacitants under the Chemical Weapons Convention
 - > BNLWRPDangerous1.pdf

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Wicked weapons: North Asia's nuclear tangle

The United States faces major challenges in engaging China, Japan and the Korean Peninsula in its quest for nuclear disarmament. In this new Lowy Institute Analysis, International Security Program Director Rory Medcalf explores the 'wicked' nature of the region's nuclear insecurity: how fixing one part of the problem risks aggravating others. He recommends ways forward, involving mutual and coordinated concessions among the United States, Japan and China, and taking account of the region's strategic realities.

- Numerology in the Second Nuclear Age
 Michael Krepon IFRI/CEA Fall 2009
- Russia Expands Its Chemical Arsenal, Exposing Treaty's Faults
 Seven years ago this week, Russian Special Forces killed 120 hostages trapped in a Moscow theater, after pumping the place full of a supposedly "non-lethal" knockout gas. Since then, the Kremlin has only expanded its arsenal of these chemical agents, a new report reveals. And Russia isn't the only country expanding its stockpile.
- Defense technologies 2008, vol 6 36 pages

 Major trends in russo-jordanian defense cooperation / Estimates of Defense spending in middle east countries

 Middle east countries, exporters and importers of armaments / Hashim man-portable rocket launcher Sukhoi started test

 flying su-Craftsmen of zlatoust present unique cold steel at sofex-2008 / Selective non-lethal weapons

 > 109.pdf
- No. 66: US-Russian Relations 20 Oct 2009 Fyodor Lukyanov, Marcin Kaczmarski, Pavel Podvig
 This issue of the Russian Analytical Digest examines the impact of Russia-friendly policies by the Obama administration
 on both countries' relations, focusing on issues of arms control. The featured contributions look at the substance of
 US-Russia relations and discusses issues related to the follow-on negotiations for the Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty
 (START). One of the author states that a new model of cooperation between both countries which would address the
 realities of the 21st century has not been established.
- ✓ Iran tested advanced nuclear warhead design secret report
 The UN's nuclear watchdog has asked Iran to explain evidence suggesting that Iranian scientists have experimented with an advanced nuclear warhead design, the Guardian has learned.
- Turkish Arms Industry
- China Questions Pak Nuclear Security

The concern, however, is that the terror attacks have increasingly targeted the country's intelligence and military establishments including the General Headquarters (GHQ) of the Pakistani army in Rawalpindi. This was further accentuated by an attempt on the Sargoda aeronautical complex last month.

It is not clear if Sargoda is also a nuclear weapons storage facility, but the mountains behind the Sargoda complex reportedly have silos where nuclear warheads are stored as a back up to the main weapons deployment centers. The issue of a possible terrorist attack on Pakistani nuclear assets becomes acute because of China's worries. Last month, the Chinese Ministry of Health issued a directive for all local governments to step up preparation to face nuclear emergencies because of the rising number of nuclear facilities in neighbouring countries, and "the threat of global terrorism is a reality". The directive went on to explain some countries have "also intensified the use and development of nuclear power at the Chinese border. If a nuclear or radioactive incident breaks out" health of the Chinese people and China's economic development and social stability would be at stake.

- The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) released on November 16, 2009 its latest report on the implementation of NPT safeguards in Iran and the status of Iran's compliance with Security Council Resolutions 1737, 1747 and 1803.
- Leveraging Science for Security: A Strategy for the Nuclear Weapons Laboratories in the 21st Century

 Stimson Center's Task Force on "Leveraging the Nuclear Weapons Laboratories for 21st Century Security" addresses
 one critical aspect of our nation's S&T future: transformation of our nuclear weapons Laboratories. In early 2008, the
 Stimson Center convened a bipartisan Task Force comprised of counterterrorism, nonproliferation, intelligence, military,
 business, and scientific experts to provide the incoming administration with a roadmap to more effectively leverage
 the existing capabilities at the nation's nuclear weapons Laboratories and Nevada Test Site (NTS) to meet an array of
 emerging vital national security challenges. The strategy has two key purposes: to ensure retention of core nuclear
 weapons competencies at the weapons Laboratories and NTS, and to expand their S&T capabilities to service a wider
 array of 21st century national security needs.
- Unblocking the Road to Zero: China and India

Stimson Publication Examines Future of China's and India's Nuclear Forces - march 2009
As rising powers in Asia and the world, both China and India are advancing technologically and gaining influence in global economic and political affairs. They are each modernizing their armed forces, as well, including their nuclear arsenals. While their nuclear stockpiles are small compared to those of the United States and Russia, both nations are increasing the number of their operational weapons, developing or deploying submarines armed with nuclear-tipped missiles, and developing or deploying new families of land-based missiles that could be armed with nuclear warheads.

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Unblocking the Road to Zero: Pakistan and Israel

These two relatively small countries have a shared, but otherwise unique, perspective on their nuclear capabilities. They see them as not only deterring the use of nuclear weapons by other nations, as do the other nuclear powers, but also as offsetting the greater resources and therefore actual or potential superior conventional military capabilities of adversaries – enemies with whom they have fought wars in the past. Consequently, they will be reluctant to give up their nuclear weapons solely in exchange for the nuclear weapons of others.

Unblocking the Road to Zero: France and the United Kingdom

The first two papers in the series cover America's allies: France, by Bruno Tertrais, and the United Kingdom, by Lawrence Freedman. Although the two states have very different views of the utility of nuclear weapons, the papers make clear that if the US and Russia made significant progress toward deep reductions in their own arsenals, the two West European nuclear weapons would find it difficult to resist joining multilateral negotiations to eliminate nuclear weapons from all nations.

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CRIMINALITÉ ET MAFIAS

- Trafficking in Persons Report 2009 22 Mo
- ou à lire en ligne
- Who Owns What?' ISS Database of Politicians Assets and Interests Afrique du Sud, 22 sep 2009 Summary Report: ISS Launch: Cape Town: 'Who Owns What?' ISS Database of Politicians Assets and Interests > WHOOWNSWHATREP.PDF 54 ko / 2 p.
- AR09_LORES.pdf

The Annual Report provides an overview of what UNODC is doing to help Member States address the threat posed by drugs, crime and terrorism. The report demonstrates that, in an unstable world, the information and expertise provided by UNODC are in high demand. In response, UNODC is expanding its portfolio, and becoming active in new issues and theatres.

- L'Afrique de l'Ouest se met à la production de drogue
 - Déjà plaque tournante du trafic de drogue, l'Afrique de l'Ouest serait en passe de devenir également une zone de production importante, selon Antonio Maria Costa, directeur exécutif de l'Office des Nations unies contre la drogue et le crime (ONUDC).
- La drogue sud-américaine menace l'Afrique

Le trafic de drogue entre l'Amérique latine et l'Europe menace la stabilité politique des pays d'Afrique par lesquels il transite, et ce davantage que l'extrémisme islamiste, a affirmé mardi un expert devant un groupe de sénateurs américains.

- Le nouveau chemin de la cocaïne : du Vénézuela au... Mali
 - Les trafiquants sud-américains ont franchi un nouveau seuil en acheminant de la cocaïne au Mali, depuis le Venezuela, à bord d'un avion cargo Boeing affrété pour l'occasion, utilisant ainsi des moyens de plus en plus importants et sophistiqués.
- In Mexico, fears of a 'lost generation'

Violence among young soars as drug cartels recruit more minors

The number of minors swept up in Mexico's drug wars -- as killers and victims -- is soaring, with U.S. and Mexican officials warning that a toxic culture of fast money, drug abuse and murder is creating a «lost generation.»

- L'Arctique, terrain de jeu des trafiquants de drogue
 - «Le Canada doit persuader les États-Unis qu'un Far West le long de la plus vaste côte d'Amérique du Nord n'est dans l'intérêt d'aucun des deux pays», confie Michael Byers, professeur de droit international à l'université de Colombie-Britannique. Selon ce spécialiste de l'Arctique, le Grand Nord canadien est une porte ouverte à l'immigration clandestine, au terrorisme et aux organisations criminelles.
- Cartographie de la criminalité au Québec: une tentative d'état des lieux
 Serge Colombié, Responsable de la prévention des Risques urbains, Ville de Drancy, France Mars 2009

RETOUR AU SOMMAIRE

RISQUES INTERNATIONAUX

- The Story of 'Operation Orchard' How Israel Destroyed Syria's Al Kibar Nuclear Reactor
 In September 2007, Israeli fighter jets destroyed a mysterious complex in the Syrian desert. The incident could have led to war, but it was hushed up by all sides. Was it a nuclear plant and who gave the orders for the strike?
- Would Russia really use nuclear weapons against neighbors?

 A new Russian doctrine which says it can use nuclear weapons preemptively against small regional adversaries is seen either as a sign of aggression or bluster to mask insecurity.



- Why India, Why Not Pakistan? Reflections on South Asian Military Politics
- International and Regional Security Dynamics: Indian and Iranian Perspectives Meena Singh Roy The rapidly changing international and regional environment and concomitant strategic imperatives have been the driving factors/forces in bringing Iran and India to reorient their foreign policy towards each other. While there is a convergence on the core values, concerns and interests, there are some misperceptions and differences as well.
- ື The Gulf states and Iran: robust competitors or interested bystanders? Dr Rodger Shanahan This paper also examines the dilemmas facing Gulf states as they seek to balance conciliatory and confrontational approaches to Iran, particularly over the nuclear issue.
- No. 44: Russia and Islam

This issue of the Russian Analytical Digest examines Russia's approach toward Islam. The authors discuss the different forms of Islam, the Chechnya factor and Russia's overall relations with the Muslim world. Additionally, they draw attention to the development of Muslim fundamentalism in Dagestan.

Democracy, Islamism in Kyrgyzstan A creeping authoritarianism has overcome Kyrgyzstan. Repressive laws on peaceful gatherings have strictly curbed freedom of assembly, legislation has stifled freedom of the press and the recent presidential elections were widely condemned as neither free nor fair, Ben Judah writes for ISN Security Watch.

Talibanized Pakistan and threat to regional security A collapsing Pakistan, USA not standing with props, is likely to cause serious disturbances in Afghanistan and India particularly and the entire geopolitical region in general, not in too far future. The USA has the habit of deserting its allies when no more required. Taking advantage of the situation Hakimullah Baitullah, presumed leader of the Tehrik-e-Taliban Pakistan in an interview to a foreign correspondent announced that after occupying Pakistan his Taliban would be on Hindoostan border and try to occupy the kufr country. RETOUR AU SOMMAIRE

CONFLITS ARMÉS

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- nail Confronting the hydra: big problems with small wars Lieutenant Colonel Mark O'Neill Australia's current role in Afghanistan is the latest experience in a long history of involvement in counterinsurgency conflicts or 'small wars'. Such commitments may begin as wars of choice, but history suggests they can turn into wars of necessity, and their costs and political impact can be large.
- Caught in the crossfire: the Pashtun tribes of Southeast Afghanistan In a new Lowy Institute Policy Brief, Tom Gregg argues the importance of a more effective engagement of Afghanistan's tribes, particularly in the country's south east. This could help improve stability in a strategically important part of the country and avoid a situation where local tribes were turned against the Afghan national government and international military forces operating in the region.

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